

**February 9, 2011** 



# **Economy**

### **Positive:**

- Moderate improvement in consumer confidence & spending
- Moderate improvement in hotel visitor activity
- Increase in local median home price

### **Negative:**

- High unemployment rate
- Decreased number of home sales
- Economic indicators are mixed; uncertain recovery

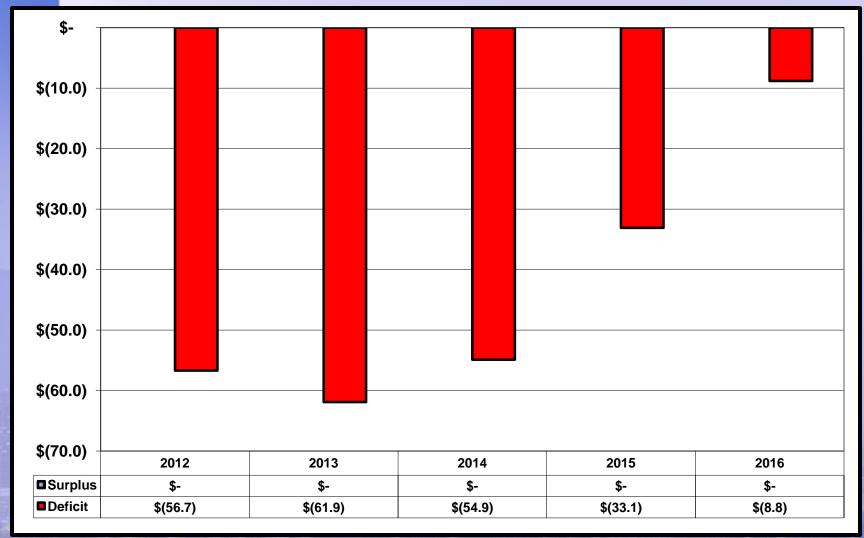


# **General Assumptions**

- Conservative growth of major revenues
- Minimal to flat growth in departmental revenues
- No tax increases
- No salary increases for City employees
- No inflationary adjustments other than energy/utilities costs
- FY 2012 State Budget Proposal no direct impact on the City's FY 2012 General Fund budget



# FY 2012-2016 Surplus/(Deficit)





# **April 2010 - February 2011 Outlook Change**

FY 2012 Deficit - April 2010 Outlook	\$ (72.5)
Revenue Changes	
Change in Major Revenues	(0.2)
Change in Departmental Revenues	(5.4)
Total Revenue Change	\$ (5.6)
Expense Changes	
OPEB Reduction	(2.9)
ARC Reduction	(21.1)
Expenditure Adjustments	1.4
Debt Service - Deferred CIP	(3.7)
Outside Legal Expenses	2.5
Other Changes	2.5
Total Expense Change	\$ (21.4)
Total Deficit Change	\$ (15.8)
FY 2012 Deficit - February 2011 Outlook	\$ (56.7)

# April 2010 Outlook- February 2011 Outlook

### **Major Changes**

### **REVENUES**

- Property Tax reduction (\$15.2 million)
- Sales Tax increase \$12.3 million
- TOT increase \$2.1 million
- Franchise Fees increase \$0.5 million
- Elimination of parking meter utilization revenues (\$2.6 million)
- Increase in parking citation pass through \$3.2 million

### **EXPENDITURES**

- Reduction in pension ARC (\$21.1 million)
- Reduction in OPEB (\$2.9 million)
- Reduction in Debt service/Deferred CIP (\$3.7 million)



# **FY 2012 Major Revenue Assumptions**

### **Property Tax**

• <u>0.5% growth</u> - continued modest growth in median home price and sales, reduction in foreclosed properties, increasing collection rate, and reduction in residential re-assessment appeals.

### **Sales Tax**

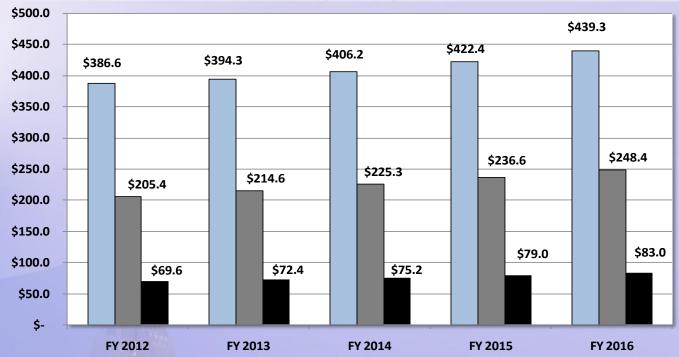
• <u>2.4% growth</u> – continued growth in taxable sales from general retail, food, and business-to-business, while construction continues flat or negative. Cautious growth dependent on unemployment.

### **Transient Occupancy Tax**

• <u>3% growth</u> – business and tourism spending increases in addition to projected occupancy and room rate increases.



# **Major Revenue Growth**

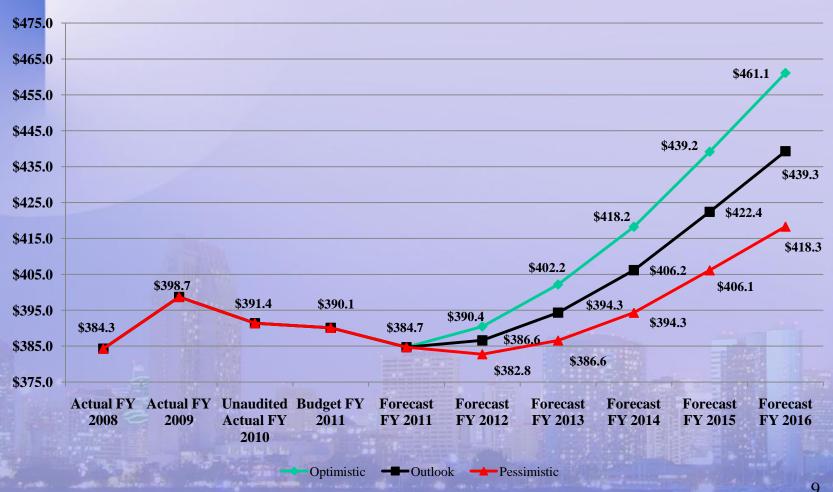


☐ Property Tax ☐ Sales Tax ☐ Transient Occupancy Tax

Major Revenue Growth Rates	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Property Tax	0.5%	2.0%	3.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Sales Tax	2.4%	4.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
ТОТ	3.0%	4.0%	4.0%	5.0%	5.0%

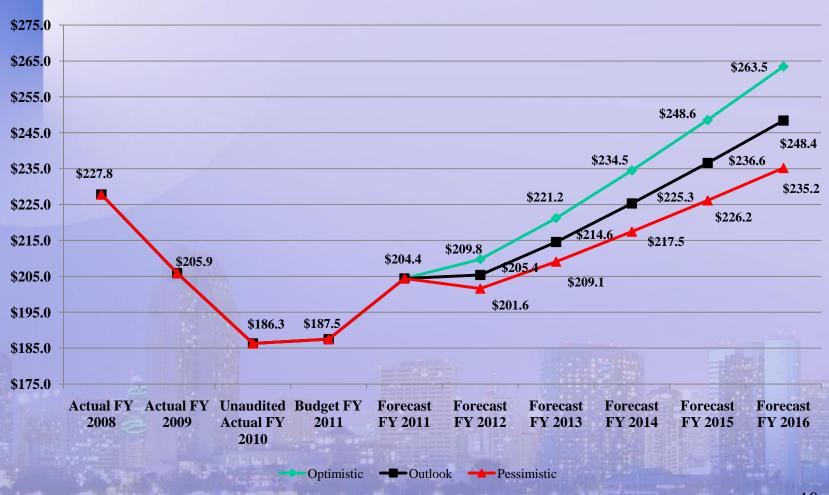


# **Property Tax Sensitivity Analysis**



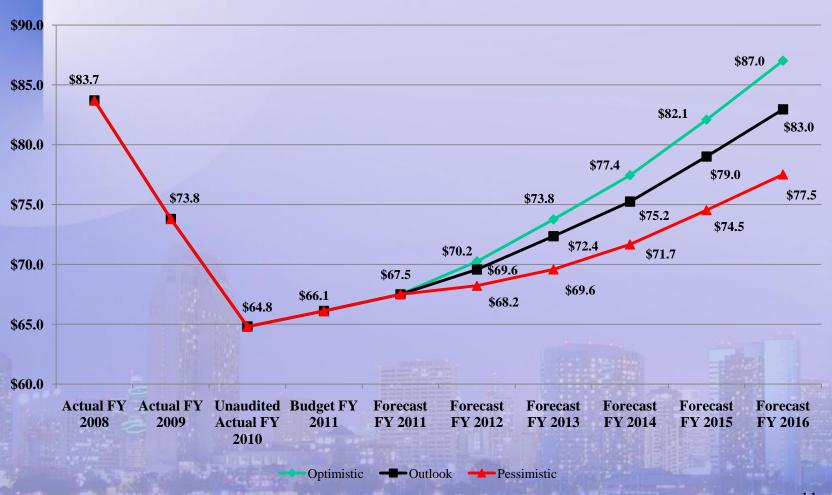


# Sales Tax Sensitivity Analysis





# **TOT Sensitivity Analysis**





# **Major Expenditure Assumptions**

- No salary increases for City employees
- Reserve contributions for General Fund, public liability, and workers compensation
- No inflationary adjustments other than energy/utilities costs
- Growth of departmental expenditures based on Council or other mandates, contractual increases, or increases due to new facilities



## **Retirement Expenditures**

 Pension ARC included in the Outlook based on latest SDCERS actuarial report.

### OPEB contribution:

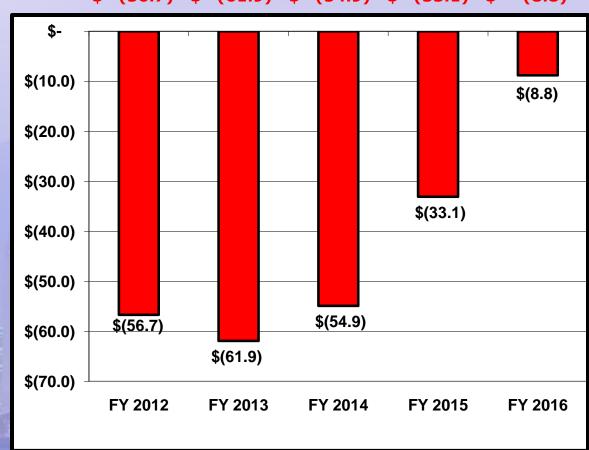
Pre-funding of future liabilities and "pay-go" amounts contributed by
 City remain at FY 2011 Adopted Budget levels throughout Outlook.



(\$ in millions)	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Projected Revenues	\$ 1,076.7	\$ 1,103.6	\$ 1,138.4	\$ 1,174.6	\$ 1,212.4
Projected Expenditures	\$ 1,133.4	\$ 1,165.5	\$ 1,193.3	\$ 1,207.7	\$ 1,221.2

Projected Surplus /
(Deficit)

\$ (56.7) \$ (61.9) \$ (54.9) \$ (33.1) \$ (8.8)





### **Conclusion**

- Projected FY 2012 deficit of \$56.7 million
- Fiscal reforms, department consolidations, organizational flattening will generate future savings
- Service reductions will be needed to balance FY 2012 budget



Questions?